

# Logarithms

## ACMNA267 – Real Numbers



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

Teacher: \_\_\_\_\_



Assessment



TI-Navigator



Student



30 min

Q.1. If  $a > 0$  and  $b > 0$  then  $\log(a \cdot b)$  is equal to:

- a)  $a \cdot b$                                   b)  $a + b$                                   c)  $\log(a) \cdot \log(b)$   
d)  $\log(a) + \log(b)$                       e) None of these

Q.2. If  $a > 0$  then  $\log(a^n)$  is equal to:

- a)  $n \cdot \log(a)$                               b)  $n + \log(a)$                               c)  $a \cdot \log(n)$   
d)  $\log(a) + \log(n)$                       e) None of these

Q.3. If  $a > 0$  and  $b > 0$  then  $\log\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)$  is equal to:

- a)  $\log(b) - \log(a)$                               b)  $\log(a) - \log(b)$                               c)  $\log(a) \cdot \log(b)$   
d)  $\frac{\log(a)}{\log(b)}$                                       e) None of these

Q.4. If  $2^x = 5$  then:

- a)  $\log_x(2) = 5$                                   b)  $\log_2(x) = 5$                                   c)  $x = 2.5$   
d)  $x = 2 \cdot \log_{10}(5)$                               e)  $x = \log_2(5)$

Q.5. Which one of the following statements is true?

- a)  $\log_2 2 < \log_8 8$                               b)  $\log_8 2 < \log_2 8$                               c)  $\log_2 2 = 0$   
d)  $\log_2 1 = 2$                                       e)  $\log_2 2 = \log_8 8$

Q.6.  $\log_2 16 + \log_2 8$  is equal to:

- a) 2    b)  $\log_2 8$     c)  $\log_2 2$     d) 7    e)  $\log_2 24$

Q.7.  $\log_{10}(5^x \cdot 10^3)$  is equal to:

- a)  $\log_{10}(50^{3x})$                                   b)  $3x \log_{10}(50)$                                   c)  $3x + \log_{10}(50)$   
d)  $3 + x \log_{10}(5)$                                   e)  $x \log_{10}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 3$

Q.8. If  $\log_{10}(y) = \log_{10}(x) + 2$  then

- a)  $\frac{\log_{10}(y)}{\log_{10}(x)} = 2$       b)  $\log_{10}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = 2$       c)  $\log_{10}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = 2$   
 d)  $\log_{10}(x+y) = 2$       e)  $\log_{10}(x-y) = 2$

Q.9. If  $\log_4\left(\frac{1}{a}\right) = -1$ , then  $a$  equals:

- a) 1      b) 4      c) -4      d)  $\frac{1}{4}$       e)  $-\frac{1}{4}$

Q.10. If  $\log_a(12) = 1.079$  and  $\log_a(3) = 0.477$  then  $\log_a(4)$  is equal to:

- a)  $\log_a(1.079 - 0.477)$       b)  $\frac{1.079}{0.477}$       c)  $1.079 - 0.477$   
 d)  $\log_a\left(\frac{1.079}{0.477}\right)$       e) None of these